

THE ELECTION.

How the Various States Voted on November 8.

Cleveland carried New York, New Jersey and Connecticut but the result not clearly decided by the returns—Claims of both parties.

A Democratic Alliance.
New York, Nov. 9.—From the best information obtainable the following table gives the results in the various states. Later returns may, of course, change the results.

Democratic.—Alabama 11, Arkansas 5, Delaware 3, Connecticut 6, Florida 4, Georgia 13, Illinois 24, Indiana 15, Kentucky 13, Louisiana 8, Maryland 6, Mississippi 9, Michigan 6, Missouri 17, New Jersey 10, North Carolina 11, South Carolina 4, Tennessee 12, Texas 15, Virginia 13, Total 203.

Republican.—California 9, Idaho 3, Iowa 13, Kansas 10, Maine 9, Massachusetts 15, Michigan 17, Minnesota 9, Nebraska 3, New Hampshire 4, Ohio 23, Pennsylvania 32, Rhode Island 4, Vermont 4, Total 148.

Weaver.—Nevada, 3; Colorado, 4; Total 7.
Doubtful.—Oregon, 4; Montana, 3; North Dakota, 3; South Dakota, 4; Washington, 4; Wisconsin, 12; West Virginia, 6; Wyoming, 3. Total 59.

New York.
New York, Nov. 9.—The total vote for president in New York city was 3,400,000. The election districts voting in Cleveland 17,885, Harrison 9,978. Plurality for Cleveland, 7,907.

Returns show the following result in the vote for congressmen in New York state: Democrats elected, 3; republicans, 15; democratic loss, 3. Eight election districts making, this county gives Cleveland 89,808, Harrison 44,670, a majority for Cleveland of 45,138. The entire city and county democratic ticket has been elected by a big majority.

Cleveland carried Queens county by about 2,500 plurality, a gain over 1888 of 900. Harrison carried Suffolk county by about 700, a gain of 300 compared with 1888.

New York, Nov. 9. a. m.—Chairman Carter, of the Republican national committee, issues a bulletin claiming the election of Harrison and Reid by a majority in the electoral college.

In 1888 New York gave Harrison 60,292, Cleveland 47,937, Streeter 18,654, 22,214. Total vote, 1,268,983. Rep. plurality, 12,355.

Illinois.
Chicago, Nov. 9.—The indications are that the state of Illinois has gone for Cleveland and Stevenson by a gain of 10,000 plurality and that the entire state democratic ticket is elected. Later returns may change these figures, as the county districts yet to be heard from are likely to cut down the democratic gain in the county precincts.

Chicago and Cook county give Cleveland and Stevenson 17,885, Harrison 9,978. Plurality for Cleveland, 7,907. The same precincts in 1888 gave Harrison 18,749 and Cleveland 32,305, so that Cleveland's net gain is 1,528.

The city press association shows that 500 precincts out of 693 precincts in Chicago give Cleveland 97,344; Harrison 72,100. This gives Cleveland a lead of 25,244 thus far in Cook county. As Harrison's plurality in the state outside of Cook county in 1888 was 21,000, and the county returns that show a falling off of 1,528 in 240 precincts, it would seem that the result must be very close—probably not over 5,000 for Cleveland.

In 1888 Illinois gave Harrison 20,745, Cleveland 34,211, Streeter 7,181, 21,703. Total vote, 74,739. Rep. plurality, 5,958.

Colorado.
Denver, Col., Nov. 9.—At 11 o'clock, no official returns have been received. In this Harrison has shown a loss of 293. The state returns are equally slow in coming in, but the indications are that almost the entire Weaver ticket has been elected. No figures can be given last night. The only doubtful candidate on the Weaver ticket is Walter for governor, who appears to have won his ticket. The vote on Arapahoe county, which has been republican for years by 6,000 majority, will this year be very close, if not in favor of Weaver. Seventeen small towns in Arapahoe county outside of Denver give Cleveland 627; Harrison 503.

The republicans, however, do not give up Colorado and claim that Harrison will carry it by a neat plurality.

In 1888 Colorado gave Harrison 31,811, Cleveland 22,341, Streeter 1,297, 13,139. Total vote, 91,651. Rep. plurality, 18,470.

Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—While the official count is progressing slowly throughout the state, the indications are that the Baker ballot has met with a decidedly favorable reception. The vote polled is unusually heavy, and the republicans carry everything by the narrow majority. Disputes have been less numerous than usual, and very few arrests have been made.

On the state ticket it is generally conceded that Gen. William A. Lundy and Maj. Alexander McDowell, republican candidates for congressmen at large, and John Dean for supreme court, will be given a heavy majority in this city.

In the Third district the regular republican nominee, Capt. W. W. Kerr, has been defeated by the ismery and incumbent. In the Third ward, the democratic stronghold of the city, McKee's majority is estimated at 1,200.

A new district, Harrison 83,000, Cleveland 47,937, Streeter 18,654, 22,214. Total vote, 1,268,983. Rep. plurality, 12,355.

Ohio.
Columbus, O., Nov. 9.—The returns come in very slowly, the necessary delays in counting the blank ballots making the reports unusually late, but from all points come news of republican gains, only isolated precincts showing democratic gains. Returns from 260 precincts out of 3,600 in the state, at 10 o'clock, show republican gains averaging twelve to the precinct, and the indications from these meager returns are that Harrison has carried the state with a plurality between 25,000 and 30,000.

S. M. Taylor, republican candidate for secretary of state, defeats W. A. Taylor, democrat. Democratic congressmen are elected in six districts and the indications are that the republicans have elected the fifteen other

members of the delegation. Democratic congressmen are elected as follows: Third, House; Fourth, Layton; Fifth, Donovan; Tenth, Outwater; Thirteenth, Harris; Seventeenth, Richards. Republican congressmen are possibly elected as follows: First, Storrey; Second, Caldwell; Sixth, Hullett; Seventh, Wilson; Eighth, Strong; Ninth, Ashley; Tenth, Enoch; Eleventh, Grover; Fourteenth, F. C. Johnson; Fifteenth, Yocum; Sixteenth, Foreman; Eighteenth, Morgan; Nineteenth, Northway; Twentieth, White; Twenty-first, Dodge.

Local influences may reduce the majority of the republican committee candidates in the Ninth, Fourteenth and Twenty-first districts, and may defeat one or two. Ohio did not this year elect a new legislature.

In 1888 Ohio gave Harrison 134,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 263,500. Rep. plurality, 18,000.

New Jersey.
TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 9.—The New Jersey returns are awaiting and unclear. It is estimated that Cleveland has carried the state by 7,000 plurality. The result of the gubernatorial contest is in doubt. H. S. Lonsdale, republican, for congress in the First district, and J. G. Gardner, republican, in the Second district, are elected. The congressional ticket is in doubt.

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Michigan.
LANSING, Mich., Nov. 9.—Returns from the state up to midnight are so meager that nothing definite is known. The democrats claim the election of their congressmen in the First, Second, Third, Sixth, Seventh and Tenth districts, and that Cleveland has carried the state by a majority of 15,000. Chairman Payne says Wisconsin will be for Harrison 2,000, and possibly 4,000.

In 1888 Wisconsin gave Harrison 174,522, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 333,522. Rep. plurality, 11,000.

Missouri.
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In 1888 Missouri gave Harrison 174,522, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 333,522. Rep. plurality, 11,000.

South Carolina.
CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 9.—With the possible exception of the Seventh district, South Carolina returns a solid democratic delegation to congress and chooses nine Cleveland electors. The congressional delegation will stand as follows: First, A. N. Brawley, re-elected; Second, W. J. Talbot, Third, A. C. Lattimer, Fourth, George W. Shell, re-elected; Fifth, T. J. Strait; Sixth, John L. McLaure.

In the Seventh district, the candidates are Gen. E. W. Mose (dem.) and W. M. Murray, colored (rep.). The democratic delegation to congress and electors is represented by the present congress by William Elliott (dem.), who received 3,700 votes against 4,700 cast for two republican contestants. It is quite possible that Gen. Mose may secure the election, thus making the delegation solid as now.

In 1888 South Carolina gave Harrison 78,000, Cleveland 47,937, Streeter 18,654, 22,214. Total vote, 153,500. Dem. plurality, 3,000.

Kentucky.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 9.—The democratic victory in Kentucky was the most sweeping one. The weather was crisp with sunshine the whole day long and a heavy vote was polled. Owing to the secret ballot law the returns are coming in slowly. It is estimated that Cleveland will have 35,000 majority. Kentucky sends a democratic delegation to congress and chooses nine Cleveland electors. The congressional delegation will stand as follows: First, A. N. Brawley, re-elected; Second, W. J. Talbot, Third, A. C. Lattimer, Fourth, George W. Shell, re-elected; Fifth, T. J. Strait; Sixth, John L. McLaure.

In 1888 Kentucky gave Harrison 174,522, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 333,522. Rep. plurality, 11,000.

Indiana.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 9.—At midnight Chairman Taggart, of the democratic committee, said: "I am satisfied that Indiana will be for Cleveland by 10,000. I have not changed my former opinion."

Republican Chairman Crowley was also seen by an Associated Press representative, and said: "The returns are meagre, but those received bear out the claim hitherto made that Indiana will be for Cleveland by a majority of 10,000. The republican electors will stand as follows: First, A. N. Brawley, re-elected; Second, W. J. Talbot, Third, A. C. Lattimer, Fourth, George W. Shell, re-elected; Fifth, T. J. Strait; Sixth, John L. McLaure.

In 1888 Indiana gave Harrison 174,522, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 333,522. Rep. plurality, 11,000.

Minnesota.
ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 9.—Owing to the strength of the Farmers' Alliance and its successor, the people's party, in this state, Minnesota has this year been the scene of the fiercest fighting of the present campaign. This has been the case since the democratic leaders in 1888 carried four of the nine electors of the people's party, hoping thereby to take many electoral votes away from the republican ticket.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 9.—Seventeen precincts outside the twin cities give Harrison 253; Cleveland 1,005; Cleveland, 633; a net republican loss of 173.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 9.—At midnight indications are that the republicans have carried the First, Second and Fifth districts; the democrats the Third, Fourth and Sixth; and the popular ticket the Seventh.

The state has gone for Harrison on five electors by about 18,000. On the four on which there is fusion the result is close, with chances favoring Harrison. North Dakota is apparently for Harrison by 1,000.

In 1888 Minnesota gave Harrison 141,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 219,500. Rep. plurality, 18,000.

Nebraska.
NABEVILLE, Neb., Nov. 9.—That Nebraska will not be the first state to break the solid south was demonstrated by the result of the election to-day. Cleveland carries the state by an increased majority over 1888, the margin of which cannot be ascertained definitely until to-morrow, as many counties are remote from telegraph communication. Turner (dem.) is elected governor by a good majority over incumbent. The congressional delegation will stand exactly as at present—eight democrats and two republicans.

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Oklahoma.
OKLAHOMA, Nov. 9.—A much heavier vote has been cast in Nebraska than was anticipated by the campaign managers of all parties. The voting was very quiet throughout the state and there was little enthusiasm. No trouble occurred at the polls. Fully three-quarters of the vote was thrown to the Weaver electors, the direct vote for Harrison very little figure. Returns coming very slow and will be ten hours before the result can be ascertained.

OKLAHOMA, Nov. 9.—Sixty-three precincts in Nebraska give Harrison 6,871; Cleveland, 1,294; Weaver, 5,457. In 1888 Nebraska gave Harrison 141,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 219,500. Rep. plurality, 18,000.

Louisiana.
NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 9.—The democratic state committee claims, and the republican committee concedes, the election of the native delegation to congress, and that the state goes for Cleveland by more than 50,000 majority.

In 1888 Louisiana gave Harrison 141,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 219,500. Rep. plurality, 18,000.

Portland, Me., Nov. 9.—One hundred and seventy-four towns in Maine give Harrison 4,000, Cleveland 2,000, 3,000. Total vote, 6,000. Rep. plurality, 2,000.

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ballot law was more satisfactory than the first.
In 1888 Vermont gave Harrison 61,000, Cleveland 47,937, Streeter 18,654, 22,214. Total vote, 149,591. Rep. plurality, 8,000.

New Hampshire.
CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 9.—The non-receipt of telegraphic returns of any of the towns in the state up to 10 o'clock indicate that they will be very much later than in former years. In this city the democrats have gained heavily.

Indications at midnight are that the state is carried by Harrison by about 3,000; that there is no chance for governor by the people; that Stone and Parker (dem.) are elected to congress and that the legislature is republican, both branches.

In 1888 New Hampshire gave Harrison 47,937, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 93,437. Rep. plurality, 3,771.

Iowa.
DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 9.—The day in this state is remarkable on account of the quiet and good order which prevailed at the polling places. Present indications are that an unusually large vote has been polled. In Des Moines the heaviest registration in the history of the city was recorded and the registration was perfect. The weather has been perfect. As far as heard from in all parts of the state, the cities all report an increased vote, and the reports from the country districts show that the vote there also large.

It is estimated that in this city the defections due to ignorance of the voters in marking their ballots under the new law will reach nearly 100. If the defections in the country districts are as large, it is likely to be a very quiet election. The chances, however, are that it will affect all parties equally. The law, in spite of these mistakes, has proven a success on first trial and everybody seems well pleased with it.

STORY CITY, Ia., Nov. 9.—Indications are that the Eleventh district has given Harrison a majority and that Congressmen may pull through in the state at large.

In 1888 Iowa gave Harrison 174,522, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 333,522. Rep. plurality, 11,000.

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Harrison 43,347, Cleveland 32,959, scattering 5,777; republican plurality now, 10,388. If the remaining towns come in with the same ratio the vote will stand, Harrison 64,000, Cleveland 50,000.

In 1888 Maine gave Harrison 53,720, Cleveland 43,347, Streeter 1,341, 2,091. Total vote, 100,258. Rep. plurality, 10,388.

Mississippi.
JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 9.—Indications at midnight are that the democrats have elected their candidates for congress in every district of the state. Cleveland's plurality will be about 100,000. The election passed off quietly and a heavy vote was cast. The Second congressional district, conceded to be the only close district in the state, has gone for hard money (dem.) by 3,000 majority over Frank Burkitt (rep.). This result insures a solid democratic delegation in congress.

In 1888 Mississippi gave Harrison 43,347, Cleveland 32,959, Streeter 1,341, 2,091. Total vote, 100,258. Rep. plurality, 10,388.

Florida.
JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 9.—Indications at midnight from the state by solid democratic vote has not been disturbed by the people's party, but it will be higher than at the state election in October. Stephen P. Mallory (rep.) is elected, and C. M. Cooper, the democratic nominee, is elected over Austin S. Mann, third party man, in the Second district.

In 1888 Florida gave Harrison 34,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 169,500. Dem. plurality, 18,000.

Connecticut.
NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 9.—Complete returns from the state by Southern New England Telephone Co. give Cleveland 5,330 plurality and Morris, (dem.) for governor, 1,404 majority.

In 1888 Connecticut gave Harrison 74,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 133,500. Dem. plurality, 3,500.

California.
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—California chairman republican state central committee concedes California goes democratic by 2,000 plurality.

Later—Chairman of the republican state committee claims he has been misquoted. He concedes the city of San Francisco has gone democratic by 7,000 plurality, but that republicans may pull through in the state at large.

In 1888 California gave Harrison 18,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 155,500. Rep. plurality, 7,000.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 9.—Returns from the state come in slowly. At midnight it looks as though Clark will secure the election of governor, but reports are constantly shifting, and so have elected their candidates for congress. The usual democratic majority will be given the national ticket.

In 1888 Texas gave Harrison 84,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 303,500. Rep. plurality, 20,000.

Nevada.
RENO, Nev., Nov. 9.—It is conceded by all parties that Weaver carries Nevada by 1,000. Newland's silver party elected to congress. Result as to the legislature uncertain, but generally believed the silver party has a majority which will insure the election of Stewart to the United States senate.

In 1888 Nevada gave Harrison 7,200, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 119,900. Rep. plurality, 1,000.

Rhode Island.
PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 9.—Total vote of the state lacking twenty districts. The state goes for Harrison.

In 1888 Rhode Island gave Harrison 21,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 47,500. Rep. plurality, 4,000.

Virginia.
RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 9.—Official returns from thirty-two counties and cities, including Petersburg, Norfolk, Lynchburg and Alexandria, show democratic gains of about 10,000.

In 1888 Virginia gave Harrison 141,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 300,500. Dem. plurality, 1,500.

North Carolina.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 9.—The returns come in very slowly. They show that the people's party vote is drawn as much from the republicans as from the democrats. The republican ticket is at random in as many counties, Cleveland gets 1,200 votes; Harrison, 1,000; Weaver, 600.

In 1888 North Carolina gave Harrison 141,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 300,500. Dem. plurality, 1,500.

Wyoming.
LARAMIE, Wyo., Nov. 9.—The republican state central committee concedes the state to the democrats.

The republican vote in WYOMING in 1888 was 2,700 democrats, 7,100 republicans, 1,700.

New Mexico.
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 9.—Weather chilly and blowing. Light snow in the city, but no snow in the mountains. The indications are that the republican ticket will be elected by a large majority.

In 1888 New Mexico gave Harrison 141,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 300,500. Dem. plurality, 1,500.

Washington.
SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 9.—The republican state central committee concedes the state to the democrats.

In 1888 Washington gave Harrison 141,000, Cleveland 104,000, Streeter 24,000, 31,500. Total vote, 300,500. Dem. plurality, 1,500.

Idaho